WILMINGTON, N. C. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1871.

Captain S, A, Ashe,

We direct attention to the speech of Captain AsHE upon the bill concerning the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. Captain AsHE is one of the most attentive and able members in the House. To his efforts and those of Senator McCLAMMY, are we indebted for much of the favorable legislation in behalf of this road. The people of New Hanover have cause to be proud of these gentle-

Sathering of the Vultures,

But no-we rather wrong a bird which has somewhat of majesty mingled with its filthy appetites, in comparing it, as we were about to do, to the horde of seedy and greedy political prostitutes, who are daily flocking to Washington, to "testify" before the Southern Outrage Committee, so-called. A fitter ornithological designation would assign them to the genus "Buzzard."

There can be no doubt that a desperate effort is to be made, if not to "reconstruct" the Democratic Southern States, at least to legislate tyrannically towards them, in the interests of a Radical Presidential succession. That is the animus and aim of the whole infamous movement, so far as Grant, Morton & Co. are concerned, aided and promoted by a set of miscreants and Parishs, in our own midst, who are actuated by the double motives of hate and plunder,-conspirators, compared with whom Cataline was a model of public and private virtue, and leveling disturbers of the peace, by the side of whom Jack Cade was a saint.

Accompanying the mass of documents recently transmitted by Grant to Congress, in response to the Senate's resolution of enquiry, there appears, we have been informed, a letter from Gov. Holden, in which the positive affirmation is made it was made but a few days after its author following; professed the religion of Him who is PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR-PIVE Truth and Love!

This gives the cue to the agents of falsehood and evil, who have heretofore executed the behests of Governor Holden. and, accordingly-and, especially, in view of the appropriation made by Congress, to pay willing witnesses, if not to buy convenient testimony-they are flocking to Washington with their ready inventions and tales of horror. Judge Settle has gone, and the apparition of Convention, which ites, will be paraded before the committee as the work of the Ku Klux. Joe Holden has testified, and the impeachment of his were certainly held up as terrible evidences of Ku Klus. Squatty Douglass is on hand, and the subsidence of the military fass and feathers, finery and funds, inflated in those famous days when Clarke sirded on his sword for the third time at the call of his native State," (albeit "suffering excruciatingly from wounds rebeived in two wars,") will, we may well imagine, be attributed exclusively to the naughty Ku Klux. Bosher has been summend, and, undoubtedly, it must have been Ku Klux that put an end to his perquisites as a Detective-that modern official, by the way, introduced into our system, to show what a brilliant success Republican government has been. Kirk and Bergen will go, to swear that their alleged hanging and torture of respectable gentleby the Ku Klus

Now, it is not too much to assert, that even a committee of Radical Congressmen must appreciate the character of such witnesses as are crowding before them, - must see through their motives,-must be disgusted with their evident baseness,-must, in secret, be ashamed of the dirty tools interests of party. That this is the case, persecution and of lawless interference is and melancholy indications of these de. generate times.

It is said, and it is, doubtless, true, that unfortunately too true, that so soon as one each successive aggression of the sort is of these so-called Christian nations beanother nail in the coffin of the party, at comes strong enough, it turns to robbing N. C. Railroad the work already done at Mr. Tomlinson moved to amend the the North. But this is poor consolation to and plundering its weaker neighbors in an actual outlay of \$200,000, cash. The substitute by allowing the Superintendent mendation of the Committee to have the us for being made the victim of vengeful despite of all right and justice, until they passion and the foot-ball of party schemers. This we do know, that each fresh outrage limit to the aggressions of the common apon our liberties is an additional stab at enemy. the form of government under which we live, and gives a backward push to our efforts to rise from the depression and suffering of our condition. But while we know this, we know, also, that there are higher considerations by which to be governed, and that neither our legislators nor people will be, as they ought not to be, eweryed from their convictions of right, or from the requirements of honor, and daty, and justice, by apprehensions of what Congress may, or may not, do. we are a State and people of the American Union, we are entitled to the protection of the government, and not to vindictive onslaughts upon our liberties and peace.

Impeachment.

The tenth day of the trial was consumed by the argument of counsel upon the issues involved in the objection of the Managers to their asking the witness (W. J. Murray) during Monday's session, quescupied the floor up to adjournment.

This argument was continued by Mr. proud position. She is threatened by SMITH for the respondent, and by Gover- Germany and bullied by the United States, Greensboro', to seek through Virginia nor Granam for the Managers on the which, under the guidance of a Butler, a roads a market upon Virginia soil, and at

gument. The Court adjourned without gance in proportion to the consessions rendering a decision.

extreme length prevents. Indeed, with an exception, we are giving this trial in much greater detail than any other paper in the State. It consumes much of our space, but we appreciate its importance and interest, and will continue to give it as fully as possible. The public must depend upon the official report for the speeches delivered in the case.

North Carolina and Florida

Formal war seems to have been declared by the Radical Governors of North Caro lina and Florida. The militia of the two States have not yet been called into active service, but we look for this step next. Tallahassee is to be the modern Troy, around the walls of which the woldiers of the North Carolina Menelaus will seek to seductive arts, corrupted the keepers of North Carolina's credit, and borne her bonds captive to Florida's royal capital.

We have published the proclamation of His Excellency, Governor Caldwell, offering a reward of five thousand dollars for the arrest and delivery of Littlefield to the Sheriff of Buncombe county. It appears in response to this captivating offer, an attempt was made to secure the redoubtable swindler. A few nights since the sleeping car in which Littlefield was a passenger from Jacksonville to Tallahassee, was uncoupled at Live Oak by five armed men, three North Caroliniats and two Floridians, who attempted to secure the prize. Judge Long, a Radical official, who was a'so a passenger, called upon the Sheriff of Suwannee county, who happened to be present, to summon an armed posse and protect " the General." This saved Littlefield. But it is understood that other plans for his capture exist, which annoy

the General "very much. that there exists in nearly all, if not in too much for his friendship, and the future every one, of the counties of North Caro- holds out too flattering a prospect to cowlina, an organized and deliberate conspi- ardly abandon "the General" to the emracy to overthrow the State and Federal issaries of the Governor of North Carogovernments! It is an aggravation of the lina. Consequently he attempts to offset wicked mendacity of this allegation, that the reward of Governor Caldwell in the

To whom all these presents shall come greeting Whereas, Todd R. Caldwell, Lieutenant and Acting Governor of North Carolina, in a message to the Legislature of that State, dated January 21, 1871, has falsely represented the Governor of Florida, and vindictively aspersed his official and personal character; and, Whereas, the said Todd B. Ualdwell has, with-

out compliance with the lawof Congress, sought to obtain the person of a citizen of this State, and failing therein, has offered a reward of five thousand dollars for the forcible abduction of the said citizen; and Whereas, instigated by the said Todd R. Cald-

well, certain evil disposed persons have, in violation of the law, sought to kidnep and forcibly may despoil him of his judicial perquis- abduct from the State, Milton S. Littledeld, a citizen of this state, without form of law. Now, therefore, I, Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida, do hereby offer a reward of five thousand dollars for the arrest and delivery to any sheriff Daddy, and his own defeat for Congress said Acting Governor of North Carolina, who, on the 28th day of January, attempted to kidnap Milton S. Littlefield, a citizen of this State, and who are still engaged in the conspiracy against the life and liberty and rights of the said citizen, while he is peacefully yielding obedience to law, and seeks no exemption from its just claims.

the State, at Tallahasses, the Capital, this 2d day of February, A. D. 1871. HARRISON REED, Governor.

By the Governor. JONATHAN C. GIBBS. Secretary of State.

Where this will end we cannot tell. It is one of the "humors" of reconstruction. It is the result of placing in power the corrupt men who have controlled the Southern States since reconstruction. It opens a new chapter in "Southern out-

The Present Attitude of England, Since the modern European States be-

gun to emerge from the chaos of the Midmen was a fabrication, and that they were, dle Ages, the necessity of a certain balance themselves, compelled to leave the State of power has been recognized among the State transferred to the Company .them. This balance has been enforced more than once, at the cost of several bloody wars. Thus arose the war of the "Spanish Succession," to limit the encroachments of Louis XIV. The coalitions formed against Napoleon had for their object to bridle his boundless ambition. Later yet, we see the Crimean war underthey are compelled to use to subserve the taken, not really to support the Ottoman Empire, but to check the menacing devel- hand to her struggling children. and that, at the same time, the work of opment of Russia. The necessity of maintaining a balance of power among the napersisted in, is one of the most alarming tions of Europe, has always been considered as self-evident; but it is a sad com-We know not what may be the result. Christian world. It rests upon the fact, proportion of local and through freights, out. are compelled to band together and put a

In former days England, guided by farsighted statesmen, was foremost in enforcing the balance of power. It was her gold that subsidized the armies of Russia, Austria, Prussia and Spain, and it was her inflexible resistance which rescued all Europe from the grasp of the first Napoleon. But the present day seems to have brought a remarkable dearth of great men in England and nearly all over the world. Twice within ten years, England, from communities. Without such policy it mere incapacity and hesitation on the part | must eventually succumb to other corpoof her government, has let slip the oppor- rations. tunity of confirming and strengthening her leading position among the powers of the earth. The first was when she refused to join Louis Napolecu in recognizing the Southern Confederacy. The second, when she allowed France, her only true and steadfast ally in later years, to be crushed aside so great an opportunity? to her present degree of helplessness. Now, when it is too late, she is becoming alarmed; she is about to increase and retions in regard to the existence of certain model her army. She is strengthensecret political organizations in Alamance ing the garrisons of her Channel Ispounty. Mr. Conigland, counsel for the lands and repairing their fortifications. respondent, continued the discussion. He She is trying to propitiate the United was replied to by Governor Bragg on the States by concessions upon the Fisheries State, and what will result? Cannot all part of the Managers. Mr. Smith then oc. and Alabama questions. But all this will realize it? be insufficient to restore her to her former

eleventh day. Mr. Boyden closed the ar- | Sumner and a Grant, will grow in arrooffered. Russia, on her side, contempt. willing that such a result shall ensue? We regret our inability to publish the ously disregards the voice of Great Britain, remarks of these eminent counsel, but their haughtily rends to pieces the treaty of Paris, and prepares to resume her predestined march towards Constantinople and India. " Make a sheep of yourself," says an old proverb, "and everybody will

fleece you." England's government has let the whole world understand that she will not draw the sword for any interest but her own, and even then, only when driven to the wall. She deserted Denmark, to whom she had promised her support. She withdrew her guarantee to the Luxemburg treaty at the first growl of Bismarck. Threatened by Irish-American hatred from this side of the Atlantic, by Fenianism at home, by ill concealed German hostility and by Russian an bition in the East, she looks in vain through all the world for as ally or a friend in the approaching storm. capture the Yankee Paris, who has, by his Such is the result of a sellish policy which sacrificed allies, national obligations, and even future security and preponderance for the sake of present safety.

Well, the "balance of power" is effec tually upset for the present. Might now reigns as the supreme and only law. Judging from past hustery and from the universal tendency of the human mind, it is reasonable to expect that the German bill passed second and third readings. Empire will now assume the place and reenact the part of the first French Empire. Already the secondary States of Germany occupy towards the Imperial government at Berlin a position similar to that which they hell towards the government of Napoleon the First. Already Luxemburg, Belgium, Switzerland and Holland are disturbed by the uttered menaces or the illconcealed covetiveness of Prussia. It is fair to presume that the German Empire will continue its conquests until its power besomes so dangerous to all other nations as to force them into coalition against it; and the next ten years may bring about a coun-Now Littlefield is too valuable a custo- terpart of the wars of the Napoleonic era. Senate as a High Court of Impeachment. mer to Governor Reed. He has paid him It is a lamentable and mournful prospect, which threatens to delay for an indefinite period the progress of human liberty and civilization in Europe.

Consolidation,

Dear Journal :- The people of Western North Carolina believe that your heart is in the right place, and you have in view the best interests of the whole common-

They are glad to hear that you "would like to see the North Western North Carolina Railroad completed through to the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad." And yet, after reading your leader of the 1st, means you have reached wrong conclu-

In view of this we propose briefly to demonstrate that the true interests of the North Carolina Railroad, and through it. those of the entire State, particularly of the Eastern portion, require the consolida-Road, with the North Carolina, as contemplated in the bill recently passed by

with which the doughty little warrior was hand and saused to be affixed the Great Seal of Guilford, Forsyth, Yadkin, Wilkes, Caldwell, &c., to the Tennessee border. These counties are of the wealthiest in the Western part of the State. This road will form an outlet (to the markets of the East, t so desired) for the products of the fertile Yaukin Yalley, now mayailable from lack of transportation facilities. It will increase many times the products of this

The management of the N. W. N. C. R. R. has been honest and economical .-Originally chartered by the Convention of 1868, an appropriation of \$10,000 per mile was granted. By subsequent Legislative enactment, the appropriation was increased to \$20,000 per mile, and the bonds of ses. Encouraged by this appropriation the citizens of Forsyth and Guilford subscribed, of their private means, nearly \$200,000, man. Lost. by means of which the road-bed has been completed from Greensboro' to Salem, a distance of thirty miles. Remember this rad, was accomplished without any State aid. All the bonds of the State were returned to the Treasury, when required by law. Ontside of other considerations the State, as a good mother, should lend a helping

The advantages of consolidation to the N. C. Railroad will be great and numer ous. The North Western will prove to be

its great feeder. High Point and Greensboro' furnish, by Western Road proposes to donate to the 15, nays 64. portunities are seldom presented. This \$1 200; lost. community feels a lively interest in the management of the North Carolina Rail- Mabson, colored, declared that under the est in the Cape Fear Navigation Company, of their means for its construction, proba- schools set apart for white children. bly more than those of any county not traversed by it. We believe, to be successful, its policy must be liberal and comprehensive; that the aim in its management should be-whilst properly protecting the great capital invested, and securing just returns on that capital to the taxpayers of the State, and to indivi lual shareholdersto assist in the interests of the public those enterprises which will tend to increase its own wealth and that of adjacent

Hitherto, the Directors of the N. Western N. C. R. R. have, from patriotic motives made no efforts, outside of State interests, to complete the work. If the consolidation bill fails, attention must be directed elsewhere. Are the friends of the State & N. Carolina Railroad prepared to Mr. Edwards introduced a bill to remove admit this may be done? Will they cast the county seat of Halifax county from allowed by this bill, quarterly out of any State & N. Carolina Railroad prepared to

Consolidate, as proposed, and the people of the West and Tennessee will pour into your seaports their iron, tobacco, grain, fruit and hay, in exchange for all staple commodities that the merchants of Wilmington and Newbern may offer. Defeat consolidation ;-drive us to seek

assistance elsewhere ;-combine the interests of our road with others outside of the Necessity will compel us to seek other seaports. The products of the femile regions above us will be turned aside at

Virginia ports! Are the business men of the East of Wilmington and Newtern, to re-districting the State; placed on were called and the motion was adopted proved lands in the State.

l'egislature of North Carolina.

The proceedings of the Legislature bave lately been of but very little interest to the people of this section. We give here the principal business transacted on Saturday and Monday :

In the Senate, on Saturday, Mr. Robbins, of Rowan, moved to take up the bill repealing the militia bill. It strikes out all anthority under which it was claimed the late Kirk-Bergen movements were inaugurated. Passed several ern Division of the Western N. C. Railreadings. Epps and Price, both colored, road was taken up and, after some die voted in the negative.

Message from the House, transmitting amendments to bill concerning the issue of certain bonds to the W., C. & R. R. R. posted us on this bill) Also a bill author- sumed izing the Governor to issue a reward of \$5,000, for the arrest of Heury Berry tute for Section 6th, offered by Mr. Lowier and the other desperadoes of McAfee, (published in yesterday's pro-Robeson consts

Mr. Graham offered an amendment offering \$500 for H. B. Lowery if taken alive, and \$1,000 if taken dead; and \$100 for each of his followers, if taken alive, jected by a vote of yeas 35, nays 42. and \$200 each if taken dead.

Mr. Robbius offered un amendment which was accepted by Mr. Graham, offering \$2,000 for H. B. Lowery, and \$1,000 for each of ms associates, taken dead or alive. Amendment passed, and

In the House, on Saturday, A memorial from certain citizens of consolidation of the N. C. R. R. with any priate committee. other railroad, was referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Regan: A resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill providing for the thorough inspection of all fertilizers sold in this State; placed on calendar. In the Senate, on Monday,

Senate Bill No. 25, allowing the Wil-

mington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad to withdraw certain bonds from the State Treasury, was taken up, amended, and passed its several readings, when The Chair announced the arrival of the

hour (11 o'clock) for the sitting of the

In the House, on Monday,

By Mr. McNeill: A bill to prevent the sale of liquor within three miles of Montpelier Church, Robeson county; referred. On motion of Mr. Marler, the bill to amend the act regulating the manner of applying for pardons, was taken up and passed its ecveral readings.

On motion of Mr. Robinson, the bill for the benefit of the Eastern Division of the Western N. C. Railroad was taken up. After some debat the yeas and mays were called and the bill passed its second reading by a vote of year 54, nays 3,

The bill provides that stockholders site. Adopted. may, on 30 days notice given by three stockholders, meet in Salisbury, and for the impression prevails, that by some causes satisfactory to them, remove the was taken up, being a bill to encourage present Board of Directors and the Direc- immigration, &c. tors elected by the Legislature, who are Mr. Olds offered an amendment that the named in the bill, and the Directors elect- president and officers shall receive no pay ed by them may elect new officers to take during the existence of this charter. He charge of the Road until the next annual opposed the bill at length, was opposed to

ege. He said, in regard to the report of reading by a vote of 39 yeas and 3 nays. the Special Committee appointed to inves- Ordered to be engrossed and sent to the in this State of the aforesaid emissaries of the tion of the North Weste, n North Carolina tigate the issue of bonds to the Western House. Division of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company, that though a member hour (11 a. m.) for the sitting of the Senate of the Committee, he had not participated in its researches on account of being sick, The North Western North Carolina Rail- If the Committee reported facts | which he In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my road will pass through the counties of believed they had done as far as they were able it was ground sufficient to impeach any Governor, &c.

Mr. Robinson said that as the precedent of amending the articles of impeachment had been established, he would suggest changed; referred. to the gentleman | Mr. Justice | that be offer a 9th article, covering the ground of this unanthorized issue of bonds, &c. enue bill as soon as possible; placed on On motion of Mr. Bryson, the bill in re- calendar. lation to the salaries and fees of State offi-

The question recurred upon the amendment of Mr. French to the 6th section, Adjutant General to send to this House, giving the Superintendent of Public In- by noon on Friday next, the information

The section in the bill gives the Superintendent a salary of \$1,500 per year, and forbids the employment of any assistant, adopted. or the allowance of any travelling expen-

amendment giving the Superintendent an mmitted to the Committee from whence it assistant with a salary of \$750 per year, was reported. provided he employs an intelligent colored Mr. Withers moved to insert the word bill into Congress to repeal the special tax

"colored" after the word "assistant." Car-Mr. French, as ings. The amendment of

amended, was adopted. Mr. McAfee offered a substitute for the section, giving the Superintendent a salary of \$1,200 per year and allowing an assistant at \$700 per year, with no allowance for traveling expenses.

Mr. McAfee advocated his amendment in remarks of some length. Mabson, colored, moved to strike out the word "colored" from the substitute.

mentary upon the civilization of the many thousands, more than their relative | Dudley, colored, opposed the striking ment to the Constitution whereby the The proportional difference is enormous. The year and hays were called, and the with.]

By the terms of consolidation, the North amendment was rejected by a vote of year Semi

only return-exchange of stock. Such op- a salary of \$1 300 per annum instead of bill printed was concurred in.

During the debate on this substitute. road. They want it to be successful. In present Constitution colored children had its infancy our people subscribed liberally a perfect right to attend the common Adjourned.

SENATE.

Tuesday Morning, Feb. 7, 1871. Called to order by President Warren. Mr. Albright moved a suspension of the rules to take up the bill in relation to conviets; prevailed.

two years' imprisonment to be received in the Pententiary. ! Mr. Troy, an amendment that the Satate shall not be liable for the main-

It requires all convicts sentenced to

tenance of ponvicts until their delivery .-Mr. Cook moved to recommit, with suggestion of Mr. Morehead's, that the committee inquire into the propriety of reporting a bill to require convicts to work are given by Section 6, Chapter 102, of the

roads; carried. Halifax town to Enfield. (Submits bill to money in the Treasury not otherwise apthe people for approval.) Referred. Mr. Dargan moved a suspension of the

rules to take up a bill to promote immi gration into North Carolina and to increase the capital of the State. Pending a discussion of the bill, the Chair announced the arrival of the hour (11 a. m.) for the sitting of the Court of

Impeachment. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. TUESDAY, Feb. 7, 1871. House called to order at the usual hour.

the Penitentiary : placed on calendar.

calendar. By Mr. Crawford : A bill to secure to the The bill then passed its second read-Sheriffs of the State the payment of State ing. and county taxes ; referred.

By Mr. Broadfoot: A bill concerning the settlement of the estates of deceased persons : referred. By the same : A bill to amend Sec. 67,

Chap. 34, Revised Code; referred. By the same : A bill to amend Sec. 73, Title 8, Code of Civil Procedure. By Mr. Robinson: A bill for the preser-

referred. On motion of Mr. Johnston, of Buncombe, the bill for the benefit of the Eastcussion, passed its third reading by a vote

of yeas 60, nays 32. UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The consideration of the bill in relation Amendments concurred in. (Our Raleigh to the salaries and fees of State officers letter, published on Tuesday, more fully being the unfinished business, it was re-The question recurred upon the substa

> ceedings) After a lengthy debate the previous question was called. The substitute of Mr. McAfee was re

Section 7 was adopted Section 8, allowing the Adjutant General \$300 per annum was adopted. Pending the consideration of section ! the House adjourned.

Note. - The Reporter neglected to state in the proper place, that Mr. Waring introduced a bill in reference to general amnesty for crimes committed during the Cabarrus county, protesting against the late war, which was referred to the appro-

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 8, 1871. Called to order by President Warren. Mr. Albright introduced a bill to amend chapter 232, laws of 1867; referred. Mr. Gilmer moved suspension of rules to take up bill relative to the band of outlaws in Robeson county. Being in favor

of its passage, withdrew motion. Mr. Edwards, a resolution that certain depositions in the contested election case from the 21st Senatorial district, be handed Solicitors Cox and Bulla.

Mr. Edwards stated that it is believed there in the late election, and that the sum of two millions six hundred and sixtyintended to carry the election by hook or the State to that amount to the Western crook. The election in August last was a Division of the Western North Carolina disgrace to the State, and unless some pre- Railroad Company, although the said W. vention was inaugurated there was no telling to what extent it will go.

Answering Mr. Moore, he said he wanted these depositions taken from the "ar chives of gravity" and handed to the Solicitors for their enlightenment Passed. Mr. Love: A resolution of enquiry relative to the Western Railroad. Adopted. Mr. Troy : A resolution in regard to the the issuing of said sum of two millions subscription of \$10,000 on the part of the six hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars,

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

exclusive legislation. Mr. Justice arose to a question of privi- Amendment to it and bill passed third

The Chair announced the arrival of the as a Court of Impeachment.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, Feb. 8, 1871.

House called to order at the usual hour. By Mr. Ashe: A bill regulating voting where county lines have been recently By Mr. Shull; A resolution requesting the Finance Committee to report a Rev-

On motion of Mr. Jordan, his resolution concerning the Adjutant General, was (The resolution orders the struction an assistant with a salary of requested by the Pouse sometime ago in \$1,000 per year, with traveling expenses. | regard to the names of Detectives and

Spies, &c.) The resolution was put to a vote and On motion of Mr. Carson, the bill in re-

lation to the State Library was taken up, Mr. Johns offered a substitute for the and, on motion of Mr. Ashe, was recom-On motion of Mr. Ashe, the resolution asking our Congressmen to introduce a

> on brandy, whiskey and tobacco, &c., was taken up and passed its several read-Senate resolution in regard to the assets

belonging to the State of North Carolina, was reached and adopted. Senate resolution declaratory of the

sense of the people in regard to the homestead, personal property exemption, rights of suffrage and the mechanic's and laborers' lien law, was taken up and adopted. Resolution declares that the people of the State are opposed to any amend-Senate bill to amend certain subdivis-

ons and sections of chapter 270, laws of 1868-'69, was taken up, and the recom-Senate resolution to raise a joint Committee of 5 to inquire into the State inter-

was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Ashe, was potponed for a week. Bill to define the duties of the several Judges of the Superior Courts of the State,

&c., was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Justice, was referred to the Judiciary Committee. Bill to allow Justices of the Peace to take privy examinations of femes covert, was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Robinson,

was indefinitely postponed. Bill to incorporate the North Carolina Railroad and Manufacturing Company was taken up, and the Senate amendments were concurred in.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Bill regulating the salaries and fees of State officers. Section 9, giving the Reporter of the Supreme Court the same pay and rights as

Revised Code, was adopted.

propriated, was adopted. Section 11, allowing Solicitors \$20 for

each term, and the fees as prescribed in Section 13, Chapter 102, Revised Code, was adopted. For section 12 of the bill, Mr. Rankin

offered a substitute which was adopted, and the section was then adopted. Mr. Ashe moved to amend section 4 so as to give the Auditor a Clerk at \$900 per year, which was adopted. On motion of Mr. Withers, the vote by

from the bill on yesterday, was reconsid-By Mr. Ashe : A resolution concerning ered. The question then recurred upon the

which section 6, as amended, was stricken

By the same : A resolution in reference motion to strike out. The year and nays immigration, and to settlement of unim by a vote of yeas 48, navs 36.

diciary Committee.

Bill making 10 hours a day's work was

was laid on the table. vation of the publications of the State; in Little River, was taken up and passed to take emigrants directly from their its several readings.

SENATE.

Very little done, several private bills and reports of Committees running until the hour for sitting of the Senate as a Court of Impeachment.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, Feb. 9, 1871. House called to order at the usual hour, abolishment of the Special Court of that ital now seeking to buy them and destroy city. The memorial was read and appro- them in detail. I shall ask that the bill be

priately referred. Mr. Johnston, of Buncombe, presented Committee on Internal Improvements. So an additional article of impeachment ordered and referred. against W. W. Holden. Mr. J. said that Mr. Cowles, a bill requiring the Secrehe very reluctantly introduced this article tary of State to keep in his office a record as it might smack of something like perse- of all land grants issued since the organicution, but the report of the special Com- zation of the State and of which there may mittee, appointed to investigate the issue be any record in his office; referred. of bonds to the Western Division of the Mr. Merrimon moved to concur in the Western N. C. R. R., made it his duty as amendments of the House, to the bill this fully examined into. This unauthor- curred in. it properly belongs, &c.

The article reads as follows :

ARTICLE IX. That the said William W. Holden, Governor of the State of North Carolina, unmindful of the duties of his office and the interests of the State, did, on or about the 9th day of June, A. D. 1869, wilfully, corruptly, unlawfully, and in violation of his oath of office, and under color of his said office, and conspiring with one George W. placed on calendar. Swepson and other evil disposed persons the Board of Internal Improvements, an year; referred. order directing the Treasurer of the State | By Mr. Dickey : A bill to incorporate W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid, well knew that the President of said Railroad Company had not, as was required by law, certified to said Board of Internal Improvements that "solvent individuals, corporations, companies or contractors," had subscribed to the capital stock of said Company a sufficient amount to authorize citizens of Raleigh for the Penitentiary and that five per cent. thereof had been

paid in cash, as was required by law; And the said William W. Holden, Gov. ernor as aforesaid, in further disrogard of his said oath of office and the interests of the people of the State, and conspiring with one George W. Swepson and other evil disposed persons to wrong and defraud the State of North Carolina, did, as President ex officio of the Board of Internal Improvements, sign and issue the order to the Treasurer of the State directing | 32. him to subscribe, on behalf of the State, the sum of four million of dollars, and to issue bonds of the State to that amount, and deliver them to the President of the Western Division of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company, when the said William W. Holden, Governor as aforeto said Board of Internal Improvements by George W. Swepson, President of said Road, "that one million, six hundred and ninety-two thousand dollars had been subscribed by solvent individuals, corporations," &c., to the capital stock of said Railroad Company, and "that five per cent. thereof had been paid in cash," as required by law, was false and fraudulent, and was made by said G. W. Swepson, President as aforesaid, in furtherance of the wicked and unlawful designs of the said G. W. Swepson, W. W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid, and others to wrong and defraud the good people of this State; whereby the said William W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid, has brought his said office of Governor into contempt, and was then and there, in manner and form as aforesaid, guilty of misconduct in office and of high primes and misdemeanors in office against the Constitution and laws of said State and against the peace, dignity and interests thereof.

Mr. Robinson offered a resolution referring the article to the Committee on Ar-

for persons and papers. The resolution and the article, accordng to the rules, were placed upon the calendar.

Mr. Robinson moved to suspend the ence to the additional article of impeachment. The yeas and nays were called and the motion prevailed by a vote of yeas 71,

The resolution was then put upon its

Yeas, 74; navs, 11. Among the republicans who voted for the resolution on its passage, but who voted against the motion to suspend the rules Harris of Franklin.

On motion of Mr. Houston, the bill regulating the salaries and fees of State officers was taken up on its third reading. Yopp and D. Henderson. Mr. Goodwyn offered a section, to be known as section 6, (which had been stricken out on the second readings of the bill) giving the Superintendent of Instruction a salary of \$1500 and allowing for travelling expenses and also allowing him an assistant at a salary of \$1000 with travelling expenses.

Mr. Anderson offered a substitute for the of \$1500 with no travelling expenses and prohibiting the appointment of an assistant, which was adopted, and the section was then adopted.

Passed third reading. CALENDAR.

ed its several readings.

of certain officers in the State whose election are contested, was taken up and pass-

Bill requiring candidates to be voted for on seperate ballotts was taken up, and passed second and third readings. Bill to repeal the act to provide for the holding of municipal elections in this State was taken up, and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Harris, of Franklin, the bill to amend Section 1, Chapter 168, laws 1868-'69, in regard to official bonds, was taken up and passed its third reading. It gives county officers elect three days grace, after the the time specified by law, to file their bonds.

SENATE.

nee a bill. It is to promote, facilitate to require the Supreme Court to and foster immigration. The bill is to examine all applicants for license to prac- combine the entire one thousand, one tice law, was taken up and, on motion of hundred and thirty-nine miles of railroad Mr. Hargrove, was recommitted to the Ju in this State into one corporation for that purpose with powers ample and capital sufficient. The object is to employ agents taken up and, on motion of Mr. Martin, both in this country and in Europe, to solicit immigration and to provide vessels Bill to prevent obstructions being placed with good accommodations at cheap rates homes to Norfolk, Va., and to inaugurate a general uniform and cheap system of freights and passage from that and other points, on all the railroads in the State to any part of the State, and to give certain, constant and uniform aid to emigrants after they arrive, as their needs and comfort may require; and to assist them in the precurement of employment, the purchase of farms or in the commencement and prosecution of such skilled labor as they may be competent to perform, as well as to combine the entire railroad interest of Mr. Ashe presented a memorial from the State into one solid column, the better certain citizens of Wilmington asking the to resist the combinations of foreign can

ordered to be printed, and referred to the

a representative of the people, to have concurring the W. N. C. R. R. Con ized issue of bonds should be sifted to Mr. Merrimon moved to reconsider that the bottom, and the guilt fastened where vote, and to lay that motion on the table

> ate as a Court of Impeachment. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. FRIDAY, Feb. 10th. House called to order at the usual hour.

By Mr. Tomlinson : A resolution con-

Hour arrived for the sitting of the Sen

cerning the Deaf and Dumb Asylum: By the same : A bill appropriating \$39, to defraud the State of North Carolina, 000 for defraying the expenses of the Deaf sign and issue, as President ex officio, of and Domb Asylum for the current fiscal

that 300 or 400 fraudulent votes were cast to subscribe, on behalf of the State, the the Georgia and North Carolina R. R.; re-Sheriff of Granville had beasted that he six thousand dollars, and to issue bonds of By Mr. McCauley: A bill concerning the dower of married women; referred.

> UNFINISHED BUSINESS. Bill to lay off and establish the county of Swain, (out of portions of Macon and Jackson counties.) The bill passed its second reading. Mr. Robinson moved to suspend the rules to put the bill on its third reading.

> The yeas and nays were called and the bill passed its third reading by a vote of yeas 57, nays 19. Mr. Ashe, from the Committee on En rolled Bills, reported several bills and resolutions as being correctly enrolled.

> SPECIAL ORDER. Resolution in favor of M. A. Bledsoe (allowing him some \$5,000 for supplies furnished the inmates of the Insane Asy lum just before the close of the war.)

After a long debate Mr. Justice moved to lay the matter on the table. The yeas and nays were called and the motion rejected by a vote of yeas 26, nays

Mr. Ashe offered an amendment not al lowing any interest. Failed for want of a quorum. Mr. Waring moved to postpone until Wednesday next. Adopted. A message was received from the Gov

ernor, transmitting a communication from said, well knew that the certificate made the Adjutant General in regard to the em ployment of spies, detectives, &c. On motion of Mr. Jordan, the message together with the documents, were refe red to a special committee of 5.

The communication from the Adjutant General came in the shape of a large bundle of papers to which a reference was asked. Bill to authorize the lawful voters of each judicial district to elect their own

Judge of the Superior Court was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Rankin, was indefi nitely postponed. Bill to incorporate the Spartenburg and Rutherford R. R. Co., was taken up amended and passed its several readings.

Adjourned. WILMINGTON AND ONSLOW RAILROAD -MEETING OF CORPORATORS,-A meet ing of the Corporators of the Wilmingto: and Onslow Railroad was held at the Conmercial Exchange yesterday. A majority being present, the meeting was tempora elected permanent Chairman. Mr. C. P Mebane, who was selected as temporary Secretary, declined serving as permanent

The Charter of the Wilmington and On Upon motion, books of subscription

places and under the Commissioner above mentioned laws will be interferred passage and adopted by the following bal- named, to remain open for thirty days, WILMINGTON-W. L. DeRosset, F. W. Kerchner and Joseph A. Engelhard.

> New RIVER-Geo. N. Ennett, Jno. JACKSONVILLE-E. W. Ward. R. W

Ward and J. G. Scott. RICHLANDS-J. M. Wooten, C. Stephens and D. E. Sandlin.

On motion it was resolved that the pro position submitted through a committee at the meeting at Jacksonville in January section, giving the Superintendent a salary last, meets with the hearty and unanimous

approval of the Corporators. No other business appearing, the meet ing adjourned.

J. B. KILLEBREW. ESO., OF CLARKS VILLE, TENN. - We are glad to see that the Bill to render valid and biding the acts above named gentleman has taken charge of the Agricultural Department of the Nashville (Tenn.) Banner and American. Mr. Killebrew is a native North Card linian, one of the Edgecombe Killebrews

> a relative of the President of the Edge combe Agricultural Society, Mr. C. B Killebrew, a graduate of the University North Carolina, with the first distinction Probably no one in Tennessee has taket a higher stand in advancing the agricultoral interests of the State than Mr. Kille brew. His address before the Montgomery Farmer's Club, on the" Resources of Mont gamery County," shows a fine ability, as

> well as a thorough acquaintance with the

resources of his section and the brilliant

prospects of its future. - Ral. Sentinel. When the recent armistice was concluded in France the German troops occupied and controlled thirty-two of the eighty-six French departments, comprising 15,000

FRIDAY, Feb. 10, 1871. Called to order by President Warren. Mr. Speed introduced a bill to encourage communes,

icles of Impeachment, with power to send rily organized. Col. R. H. Cowan wa By Mr. Justice: A bill to amend the act | Secretary. Col. Roger Moore was appoint n relation to a Convention of the people. ed in his stead. rulee and take up his resolution in refer- slow Railroad was read. were ordered to be opened on Monday February 13th, 1871, at the following

SCOTT'S HILL AND SLOOP POINT-R. K to take it up, were Messrs. Hargrove and Bryan, R. J. Nixon and Dugald McMil